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10/826,987	04/19/2004	Paul A. Gassoway	063170.7003	3477
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2001 ROSS AV			ZEE, EDWARD	
SUITE 600 DALLAS, TX 75201-2980			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2135	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/826,987	GASSOWAY, PAUL A.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Edward Zee	2135	_
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was preply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status	•		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Ju	<u>ıly 2007</u> .		
	action is non-final.	. ·	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	,	•	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce	epted or b) objected to by the I	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	• •	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		•	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).	
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	· ·	on No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	• •		
application from the International Bureau	· ·	9	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This is in response to the amendment filed on July 12<sup>th</sup>, 2007. Claims 1, 5, 9-11, 16, 20 and 24-26 have been amended and Claims 1-26 are pending and have been considered below.

### Specification

2. The amendments filed on July 12<sup>th</sup>, 2007 to the specification have been considered and effectively overcome the previous objections. Therefore the previous objections to the specification have been withdrawn.

#### Claim Objections

3. The amendments filed on July 12<sup>th</sup>, 2007 to Claims 10, 15 and 24-26 have been considered and effectively overcome the previous objections. Therefore the previous objections to Claims 10, 15 and 24-26 have been withdrawn.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. The amendments filed on July 12<sup>th</sup>, 2007 to Claim 16 has been considered and effectively overcome the previous 35 USC § 101 rejections. Therefore the previous rejections have been withdrawn. The Examiner notes that the Applicant has amended Claim 16 to disclose a "tangible computer storage medium", which is not defined in the specification. Therefore, the Examiner will interpret this storage medium as not encompassing any form of electronic transmission signals.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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5. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

6. Claims 1-5, 9, 11 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by <u>Ji et al.</u> (5,623,600).

Claims 1 and 16: Ji et al. discloses a method and computer storage medium containing code for maintaining computer security comprising:

- a. providing a signature file [column 7, lines 51-65]. The examiner notes that it is inherent to provide a signature file when performing a signature scanning virus detection method;
- b. receiving an incoming message from at least one client computer(downloaded from the web) [column 5, lines 28-38];
- c. comparing the received incoming message with the signature file to determine whether the incoming message is malicious(performs a version of signature scanning virus detection) [column 7, lines 51-65];
- d. and blocking (do not transfer file) the incoming messages determined to be malicious from reaching a web server [column 8, lines 4-16].
- Claims 2-4 and 17-19: Ji et al. discloses a method and computer storage medium as in claims 1 and 16 above and further discloses that the comparing further comprises:
- a. parsing the incoming message(scanning the message body) [column 10, lines 26-28]. The examiner notes that scanning the message body implies parsing the message into at least a message header and message body;

b. converting the incoming message into an internal format (decoding encoded portions) [column 10, lines 57-67];

- c. comparing the converted incoming message with the signature file and determining whether the converted incoming message is malicious based on the comparison(executes a virus-checking program) [column 11, lines 1-2];
- d. reassembling the converted incoming message back into its original format prior to forwarding(transmits the message) it to the web server if it is determined that the code is not malicious(no viruses are detected) and forwarding(transmits the message) the reassembled message to the web server [column 10, lines 42-56 and column 11, lines 4-6].

Claims 5 and 20: Ji et al. discloses a method as in claims 1 and 16 above and further discloses that the signature file contains information about known system vulnerabilities [column 7, lines 51-65]. The examiner notes that it is inherent for the signature file to contain information about vulnerabilities in order for the virus detection program to know what kind of vulnerabilities it is scanning for.

- Claim 9: <u>Ji et al.</u> discloses a system for maintaining computer security comprising:
- a. a signature file [column 7, lines 51-65]. The examiner notes that it is inherent to provide a signature file when performing a signature scanning virus detection method;
  - b. a web server(gateway node) [column 3, lines 52-63];
- c. and a proxy machine (proxy server) receiving an incoming message from at least one client computer, comparing the received incoming message with the signature file to determine whether the incoming message is malicious and blocking incoming messages determined to be malicious from reaching the web server [column 4, lines 56-67].

Claim 11: Ji et al. discloses a system as in claim 9 above and further discloses that the signature file contains information about known system vulnerabilities [column 7, lines 51-65]. The examiner notes that it is inherent for the signature file to contain information about vulnerabilities in order for the virus detection program to know what kind of vulnerabilities it is scanning for.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 8. Claims 6-8, 12-14 and 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Ji et al.</u> (5,623,600) in view of <u>Cambridge</u> (7,080,000).

Claims 6, 12 and 21: Ji et al. discloses a method, system and computer storage medium as in claims 1, 9 and 16 above, but does not explicitly disclose that the signature file is made available through a web server. However, Cambridge discloses a similar method, system and computer storage medium and further discloses that the signature file(antivirus database) is made available through a web server(antivirus server) [abstract]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to make the signature files available through a web server. One would have been motivated to do so in order to make signature file updates easily accessible.

Claims 7, 13 and 22: Ji et al. discloses a method, system and computer storage medium as in claims 1, 9 and 16 above, but does not explicitly disclose continuously updating the signature file. However, <u>Cambridge</u> discloses a similar method, system and computer storage medium and

further discloses continuously updating the signature file (antivirus data file) [column 2, lines 63-67]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to continuously update the signature file. One would have been motivated to do so in order to be able to detect the latest viruses, which are constantly being created.

Claims 8, 14 and 23: Ji et al. discloses a method, system and computer storage medium as in claims 1, 9 and 16 above, but does not explicitly disclose periodically downloading the signature file in order to make its copy current. However, Cambridge discloses a similar method, system and computer storage medium and further discloses periodically downloading the signature files(receiving a new antivirus file at one of the user computers) in order to make its copy current [abstract]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to periodically download the signature files. One would have been motivated to do so in order to be able to detect the latest viruses, which are constantly being created.

9. Claims 10, 15 and 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ji et al. (5,623,600).

Claim 10: <u>Ji et al.</u> discloses a system as in claim 9 above and further discloses that the proxy machine further comprises:

- a. a message parser module for receiving, parsing(scanning the message body) and converting(decoding encoded portions) the incoming messages into a defined format [column 10, lines 26-28 and column 10, lines 57-67]. The examiner notes that scanning the message body implies parsing the message into at least a message header and message body.
- b. a message analyzer module for comparing the converted incoming messages with the signature file (executes a virus-checking program) [column 11, lines 1-2];

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c. and a message reassembly module for reassembling the converted incoming messages determined not to be malicious (no viruses are detected) into their original format and forwarding them to the web server (transmits the message) [column 10, lines 42-56 and column 11, lines 4-6].

However, Ji et al. does not explicitly disclose that the message parser, analyzer and reassembly modules are HTTP message parser, analyzer and reassembly modules. Nonetheless, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to employ an HTTP message parser, analyzer and reassembly modules. One would have been motivated to do so in order to capable of processing HTTP messages instead of other forms of electronic messages, depending on the intended application of the system.

Claim 15: Ji et al. discloses a system as in claim 10 above and further discloses that the signature file is linked to the HTTP message analyzer module (executes a virus-checking program) [column 11, lines 1-2]. The examiner notes that it is inherent for the HTTP message analyzer to be linked to the signature file if it is using the signature file to scan for viruses.

Claims 24-26: Ji et al. disclose a method, system and computer storage medium as in claims 1, 9 and 16 above, but does not explicitly disclose that the incoming message comprises an HTTP messages. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention for the incoming messages to be comprised of HTTP messages. One would have been motivated to do so in order to be capable of processing HTTP messages instead of other forms of electronic messages, depending on the intended application of the system.

### Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed on July 12<sup>th</sup>, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

11. Regarding independent Claims 1, 9 and 16 the Applicant argues that <u>Ji et al.</u> does not disclose "comparing the received incoming message" with a "signature file containing information about known system vulnerabilities" as required by Claims 1, 9 and 16.

However, the Examiner respectfully disagrees and submits that Ji et al. does in fact disclose comparing the message with a signature file(ie. signature scanning) [column 2, lines 1-5]. The Applicant even suggests that Ji et al. is in fact performing this "signature scanning" and appears to equate this to "searches for known patterns of program code used for viruses", [page 10, lines 11-14 of the amendments filed on July 12<sup>th</sup>, 2007]. Thus, the Examiner respectfully submits that, searching for "known patterns of program code used for viruses" implies that one is given at least a list of these "known patterns", which is usually packaged in a virus definitions file(ie. signature file), before performing the searching(ie. comparison).

#### Conclusion

12. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edward Zee whose telephone number is (571) 270-1686. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday 9:00AM-5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Y. Vu can be reached on (571) 272-3859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

EZ September 26, 2007

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